

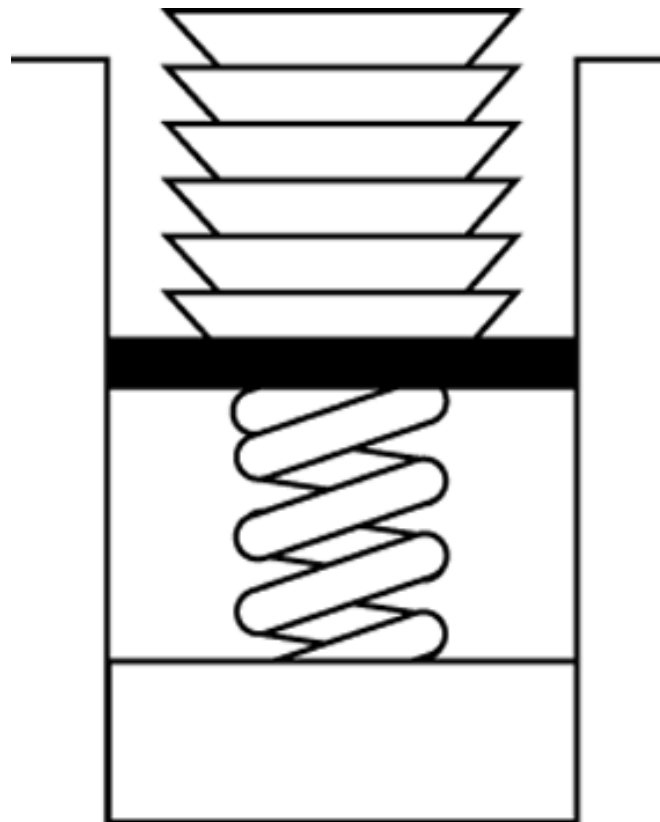
# CHAPTER 6

## Stacks

Data Abstraction and Problem Solving with JAVA:  
Walls and Mirrors  
Carrano / Prichard

# Figure 6.1

Stack of cafeteria dishes



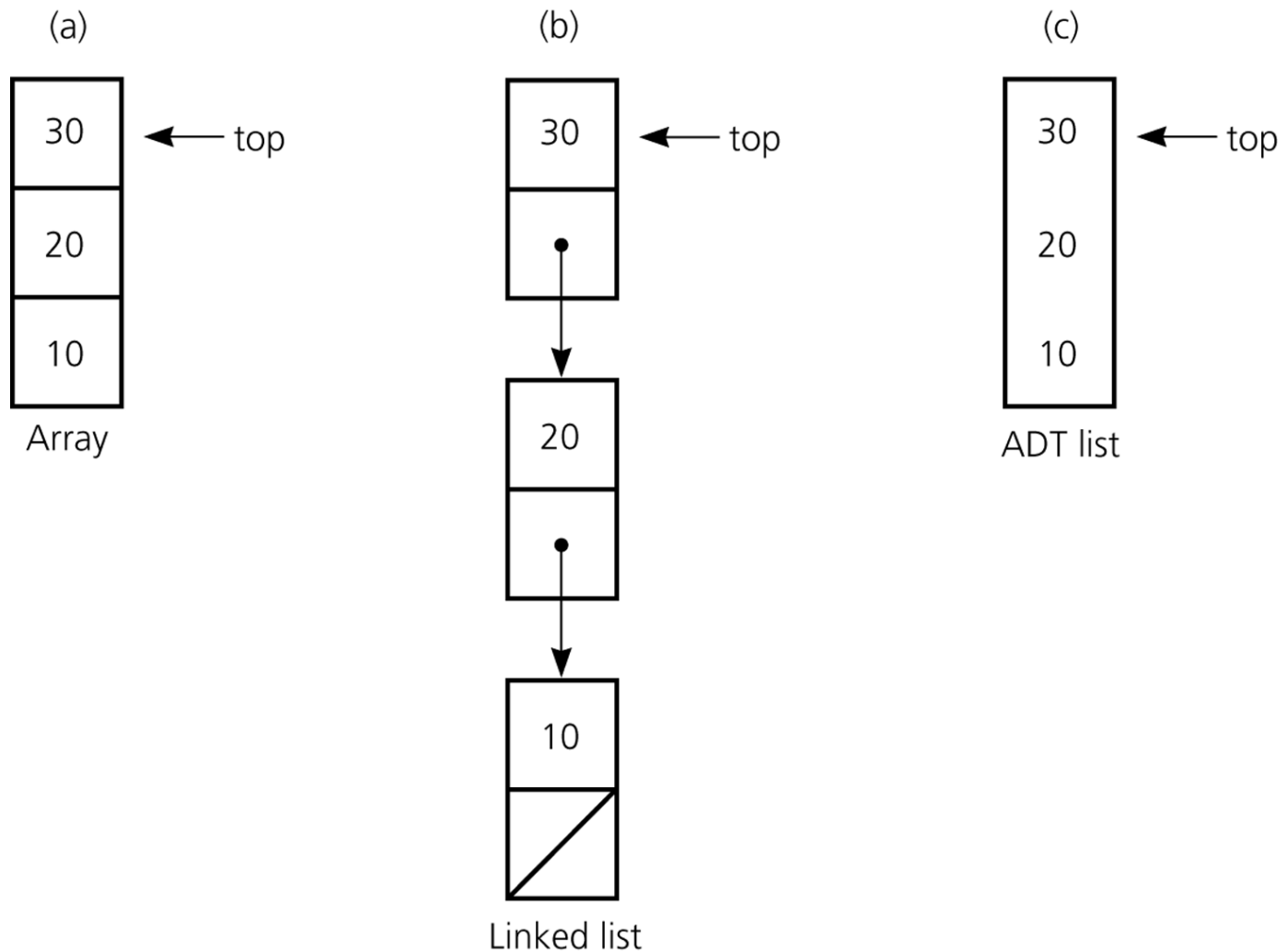
# Figure 6.2

Traces of the algorithm that checks for balanced braces

Input string	Stack as algorithm executes				
	1.	2.	3.	4.	
{a{b}c}	{	{ {	{		1. push "{" 2. push "{" 3. pop 4. pop Stack empty $\implies$ balanced
{a{bc}	{	{ {	{		1. push "{" 2. push "{" 3. pop Stack not empty $\implies$ not balanced
{ab}c}	{				1. push "{" 2. pop Stack empty when last "}" encountered $\implies$ not balanced

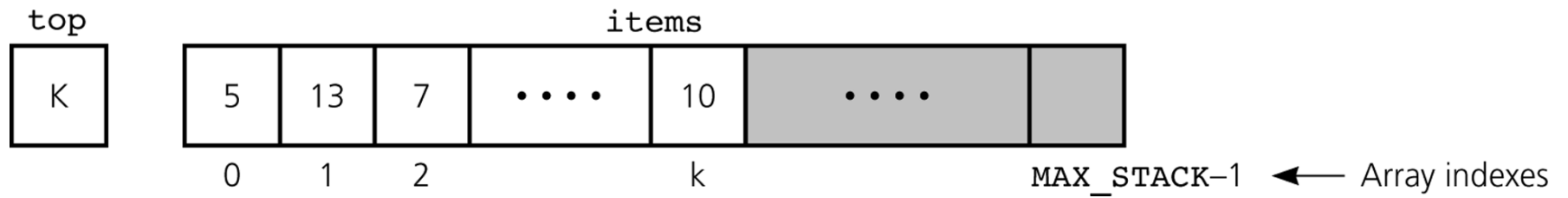
## Figure 6.3

Implementation of the ADT stack that use a) an array; b) a linked list; c) an ADT list



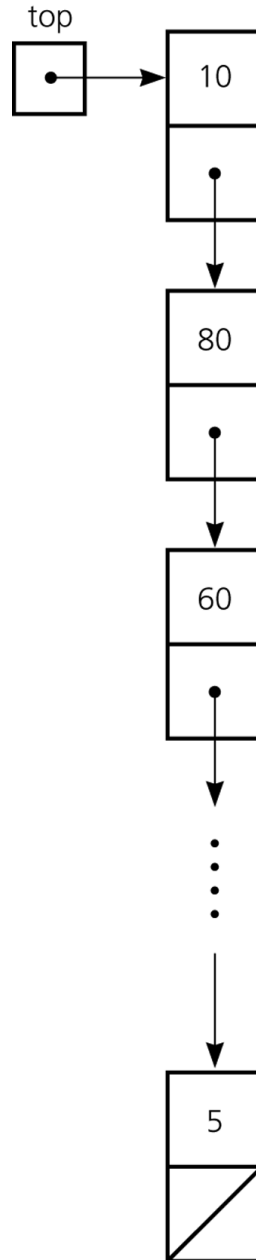
# Figure 6.4

An array-based implementation



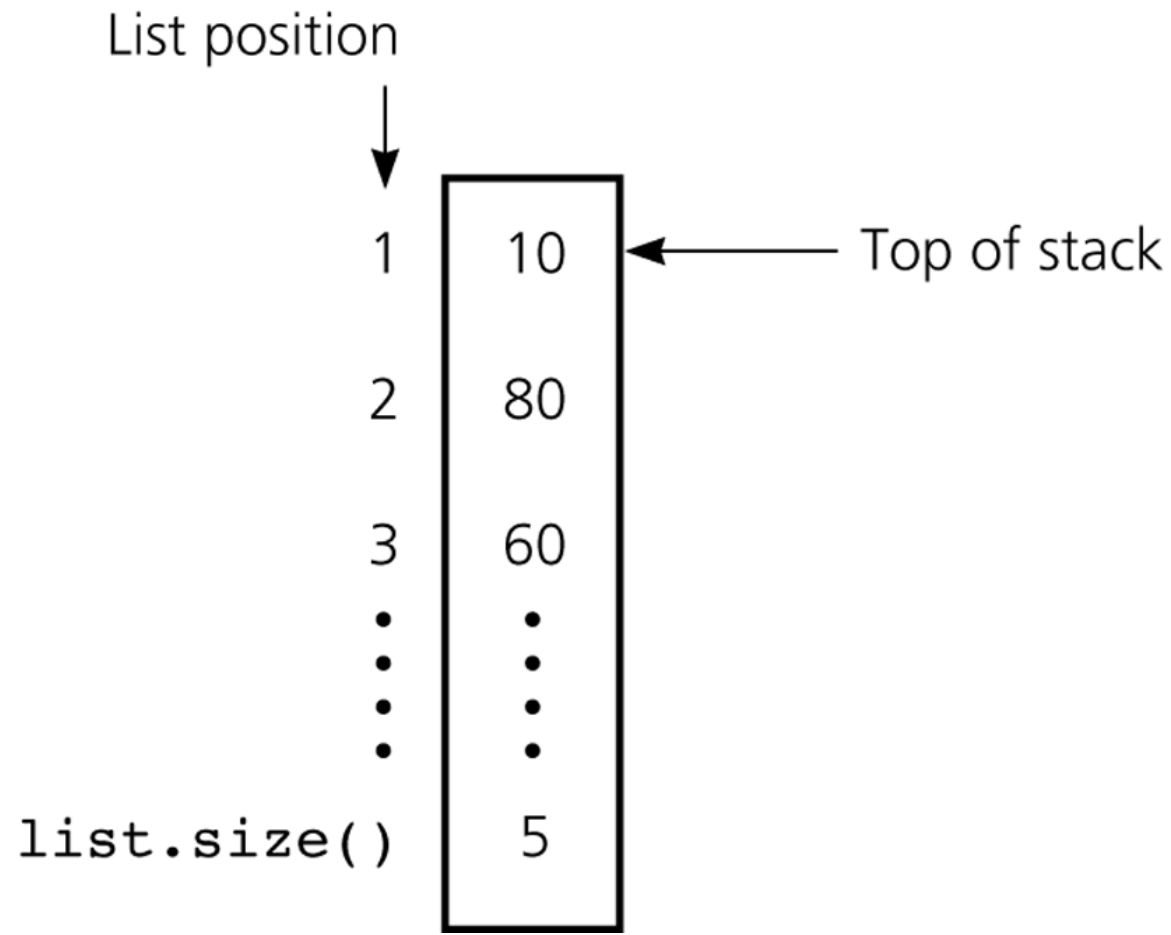
## Figure 6.5

A reference-based implementation



## Figure 6.6

An implementation that uses the ADT list



## Figure 6.7

The action of a postfix calculator when evaluating the expression  $2 * (3 + 4)$

<u>Key entered</u>	<u>Calculator action</u>	<u>Stack (bottom to top)</u>
2	push 2	2
3	push 3	2 3
4	push 4	2 3 4
+	operand2 = pop stack (4)	2 3
	operand1 = pop stack (3)	2
	result = operand1 + operand2 (7)	2
	push result	2 7
*	operand2 = pop stack (7)	2
	operand1 = pop stack (2)	
	result = operand1 * operand2 (14)	
	push result	14



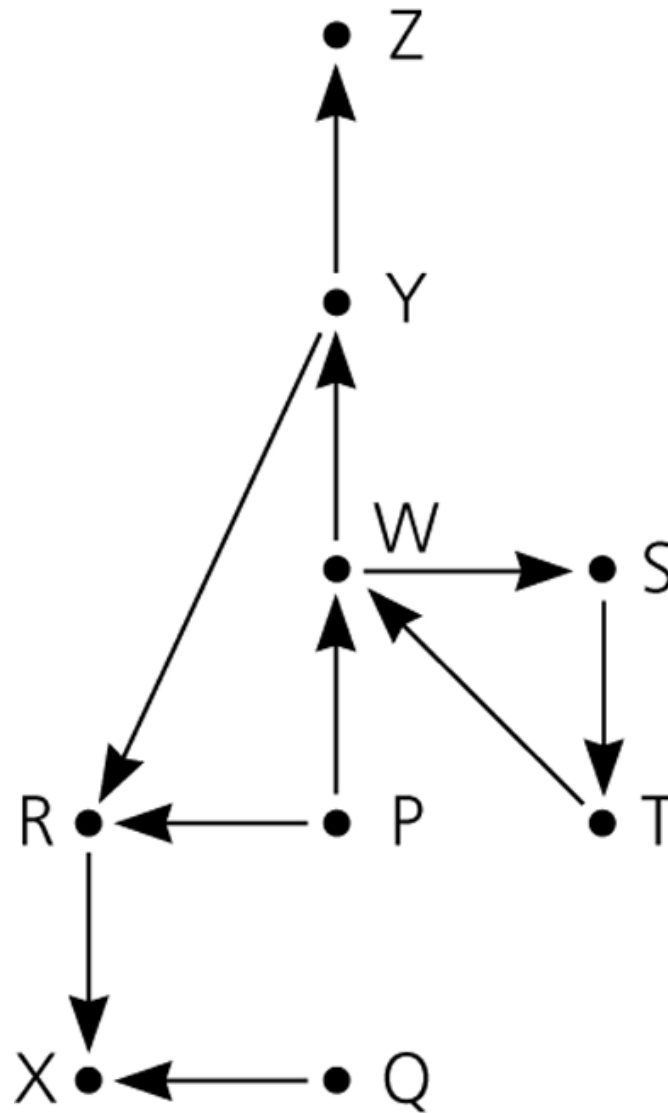
## Figure 6.8

A trace of the algorithm that converts the infix expression  $a - (b + c * d)/e$  to postfix form

<u>ch</u>	<u>stack (bottom to top)</u>	<u>postfixExp</u>	
a		a	
-	-	a	
(	-(	a	
b	-(	ab	
+	-( +	ab	
c	-( +	abc	
*	-( + *	abc	
d	-( + *	abcd	
)	-( +	abcd*	Move operators
	-(	abcd*+	from stack to
	-	abcd*+	<b>postfixExp</b> until " ( "
/	-/	abcd*+	
e	-/	abcd*+e	Copy operators from
		abcd*+e/-	stack to <b>postfixExp</b>

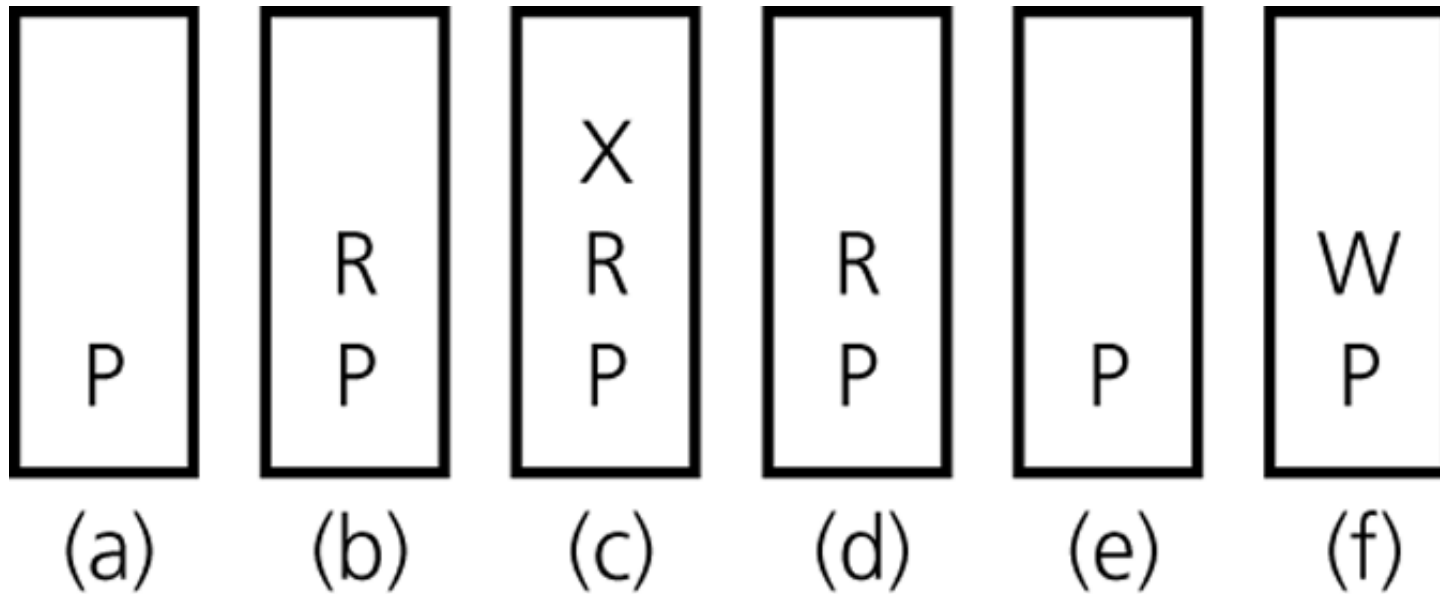
# Figure 6.9

Flight map for HPAir



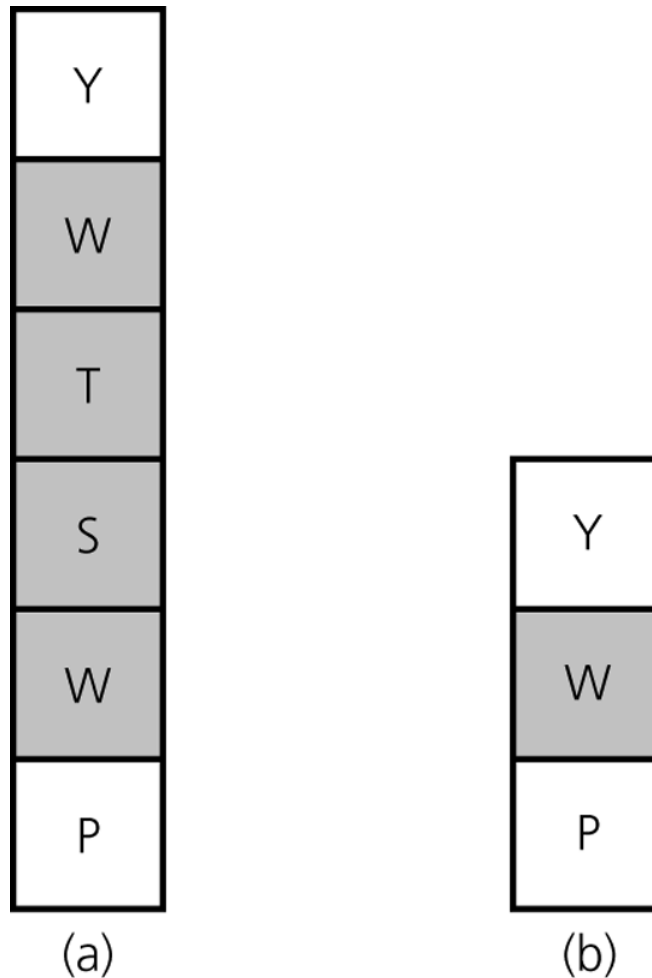
## Figure 6.10

The stack of cities as you travel a) from  $P$ ; b) to  $R$ ; c) to  $X$ ; d) back to  $R$ ; e) back to  $P$ ; f) to  $W$



## Figure 6.11

The stack of cities a) allowing revisits and b) after backtracking when revisits are not allowed



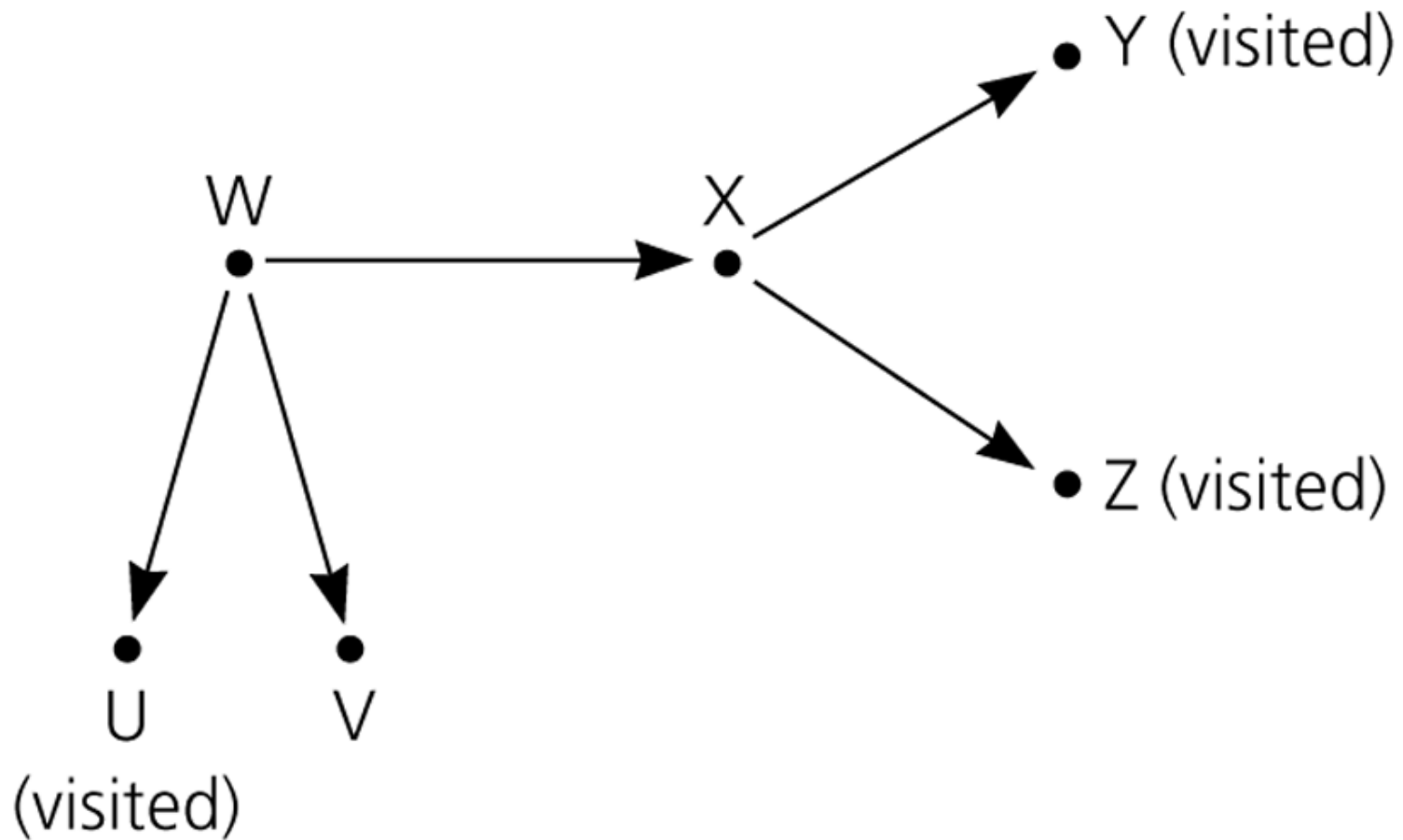
## Figure 6.12

A trace of the search algorithm, given the flight map in Figure 6-9

<u>Action</u>	<u>Reason</u>	<u>Contents of stack (bottom to top)</u>
Push P	Initialize	P
Push R	Next unvisited adjacent city	P R
Push X	Next unvisited adjacent city	P R X
Pop X	No unvisited adjacent city	P R
Pop R	No unvisited adjacent city	P
Push W	Next unvisited adjacent city	P W
Push S	Next unvisited adjacent city	P W S
Push T	Next unvisited adjacent city	P W S T
Pop T	No unvisited adjacent city	P W S
Pop S	No unvisited adjacent city	P W
Push Y	Next unvisited adjacent city	P W Y
Push Z	Next unvisited adjacent city	P W Y Z

## Figure 6.13

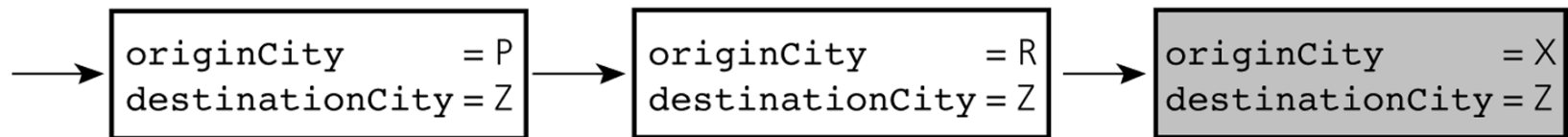
A piece of a flight map



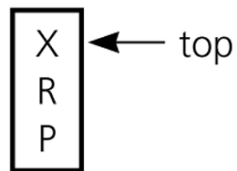
## Figure 6.14

Visiting city  $P$ , then  $R$ , then  $X$ : a) box trace versus b) stack

(a) Box trace:



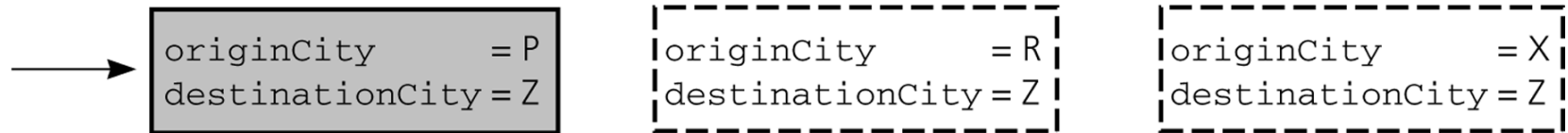
(b) Stack:



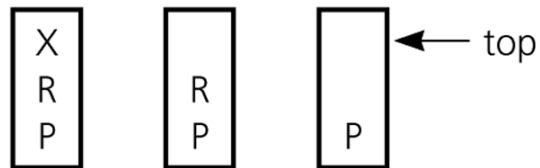
# Figure 6.15

Backtracking from city *X*, then *R*, then *P*: a) box trace versus b) stack

(a) Box trace:



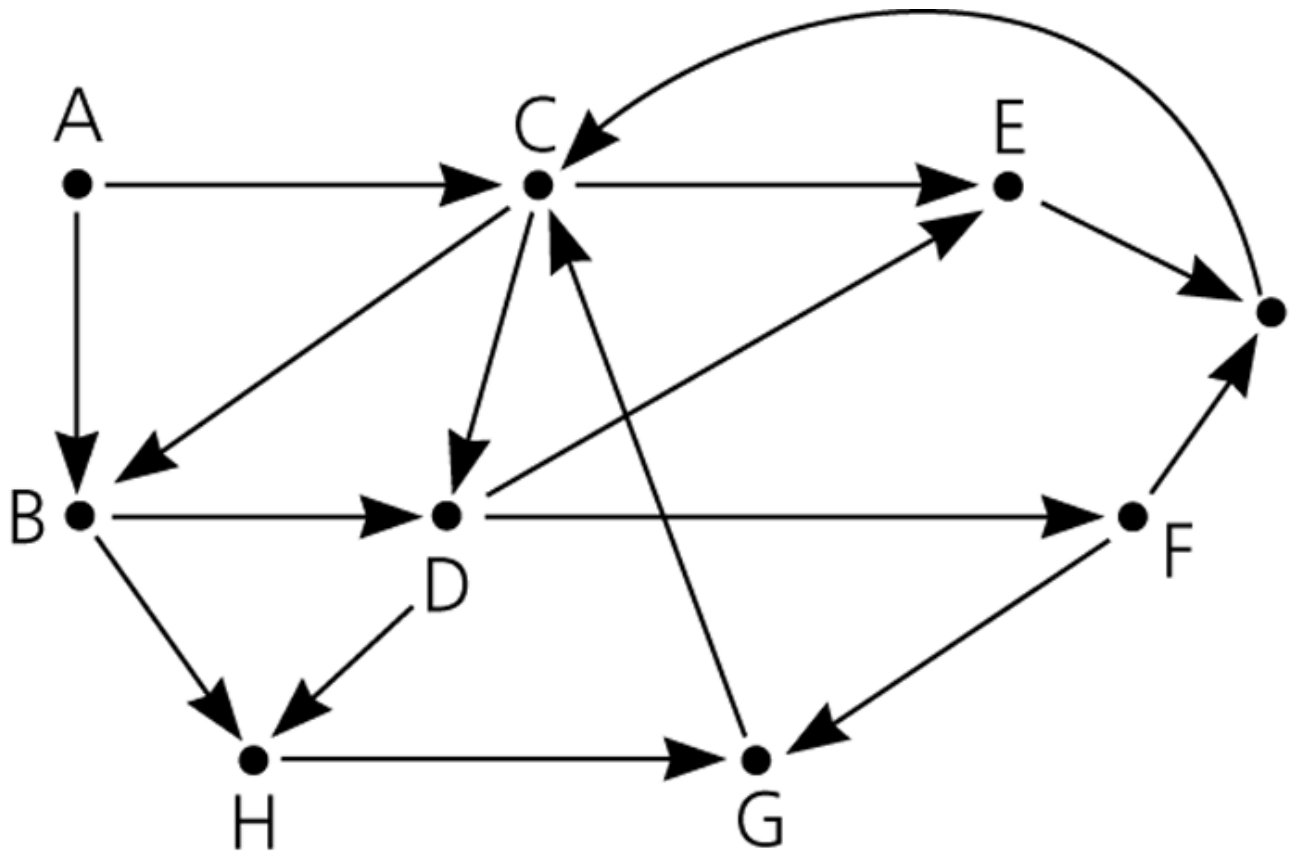
(b) Stack:





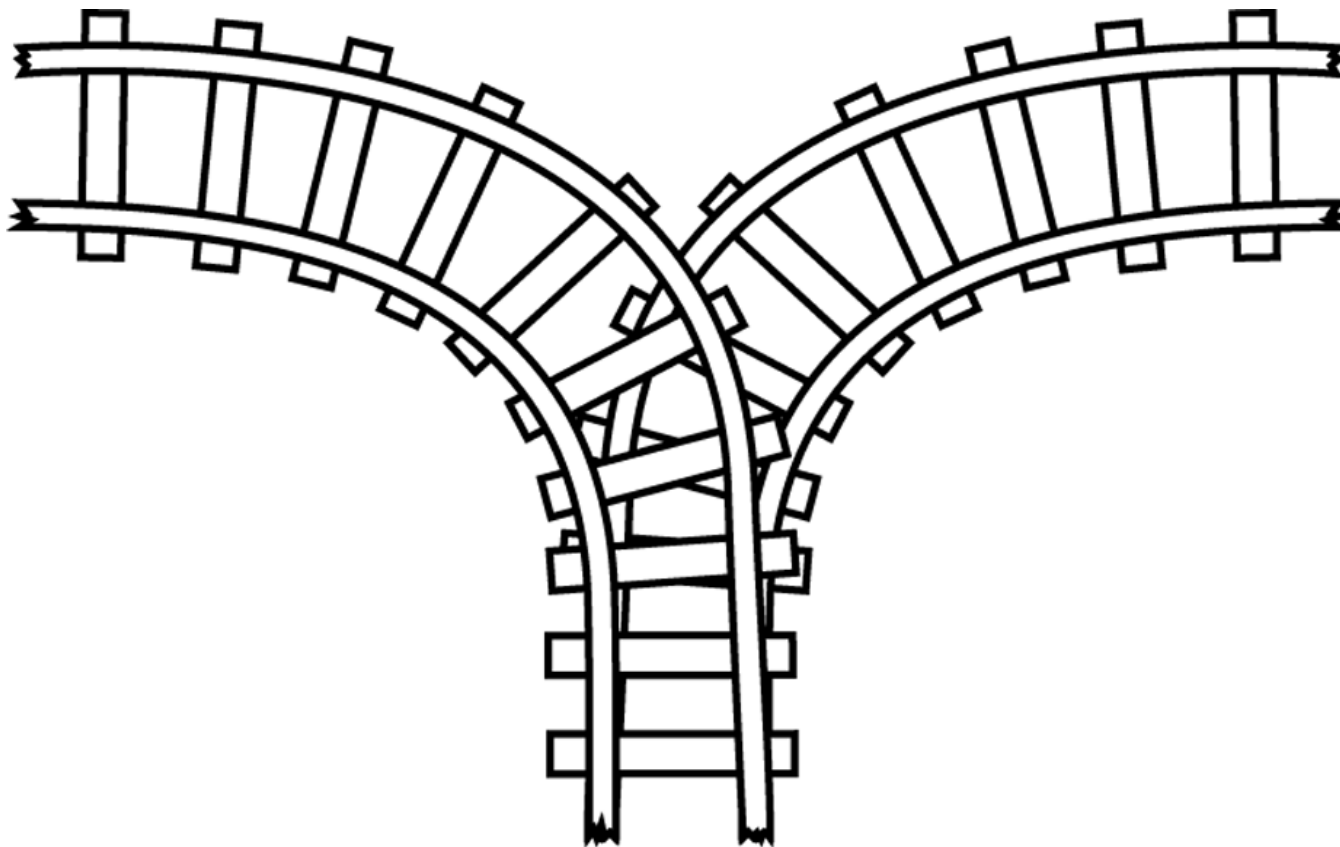
## Figure 6.16

Flight map for Self-Test Exercise 9 and Exercise 11



## Figure 6.17

Railroad switching system for Exercise 2



# Figure 6.18

Adjacency list for the flight map in Figure 6-9

